FSMA FACTS:

What You Need to Know About the Produce Safety Rule



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What is FSMA?

The Food Safety Modernization Act is:

- Mandatory food safety law passed in 2011.
- First major update to the federal food code since 1938.
- Establishes science-based minimum standards for produce handling on farms.
- Applies a preventive approach to ensuring food safety.
- Uses systems-based thinking to provide adaptability of Rules to a wide range of businesses.
- Implemented in 7 different parts.



What is FSMA?

The Food Safety Modernization Act's 7 parts:

- 1. Produce Safety Rule
- 2. Preventive Controls for Human Food
- 3. Preventive Controls for Animal Food
- 4. Foreign Supplier Verification Programs
- 5. Accreditation of 3rd Party Auditors/Certification Bodies
- 6. Sanitary Transport of Human & Animal Food
- 7. Prevention of Intentional Contamination/Adulteration



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What Are the Underlying Ideas?

The **Produce Safety Rule** is based on <u>consumer health</u> and produce safety fundamentals:

- Microbiological pathogens can make people sick.
- Pathogens are more likely to make vulnerable people sick, including the young, the elderly, the pregnant, and the immunocompromised.
- Pathogens are commonly found in animal and human feces.
- Pathogens most commonly contaminate food via:
 - People
 - Water
 - Food contact surfaces, including equipment

- Biological soil amendments

What's In the Produce Safety Rule?

The Produce Safety Rule is divided into Subparts:

- A. General Provisions
- B. General Requirements
- C. Personnel Qualifications & Training
- D. Health & Hygiene
- E. Agricultural Water
- F. Biological Soil Amendments of Animal Origins
- I. Domesticated & Wild Animals

- K. Growing, Harvesting, Packing,& Holding Activities
- L. Equipment, Tools, Buildings, & Sanitation
- M. Sprouts
- N. Analytical Methods
- O. Records
- P. Variances
- Q. Compliance & Enforcement
- R. Withdrawal of Qualified Exemptions



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What Is Covered By The PSR?

- COVERED PRODUCE =
 - All produce generally consumed raw.
- COVERED ACTIVITIES =
 - All growing, harvesting, packing, and holding activities.
 - Certain narrowly defined processing activities on-farm.
- COVERED FARMS =
 - Farms doing covered activities, with covered produce.
- Some exemptions available to growers.



What Is <u>NOT</u> Covered By The PSR?

- PRODUCE THAT IS RARELY CONSUMED RAW =
 - Produce not generally consumed raw, as substantiated by consumer data.
 - All 'rarely consumed raw' produce is listed in the 'exhaustive' list in the PSR.
- CROPS GROWN FOR ON-FARM OR PERSONAL USE.
- SEEDS AND FOOD GRAINS =
 - Small, hard fruits or seeds of arable crops that are primarily grown and processed for use as meal, flour, baked goods, cereals or oils.
- CROPS GROWN FOR ANIMAL FEED =



Covered under the Preventive Controls for Animal Food.

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C. PERSONNEL QUALIFICATIONS & TRAINING

- ALL WORKERS must be trained:
 - To perform their duties/tasks.
 - In the principles of food hygiene and food safety.
 - In the importance of health and personal hygiene for all workers <u>and</u> visitors, including recognizing symptoms of contagious health conditions (vomiting, diarrhea, jaundice, fever, open wounds, etc...)
 - In the minimum standards required by the Produce Safety Rule, as applicable to their jobs.



C. PERSONNEL QUALIFICATIONS & TRAINING

- HARVEST WORKERS must be trained to:
 - Recognize produce that should <u>NOT</u> be harvested.
 - Inspect harvest containers & equipment to make sure they're clean, maintained, & functioning.
 - Correct problems with harvest containers or equipment, or notify their supervisor of problems.



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C. PERSONNEL QUALIFICATIONS & TRAINING

- SUPERVISORS OR AT LEAST ONE RESPONSIBLE PARTY:
 - Must be qualified by training or experience to recognize food safety hazards and address them.
 - Must be assigned or identified as responsible for ensuring compliance with the Produce Safety Rule.
 - Must attend a PSA Grower Training (only once), <u>if farm is fully covered</u> under the Produce Safety Rule.



C. PERSONNEL QUALIFICATIONS & TRAINING

- Trainings for any required topic must be:
 - Provided upon hiring.
 - Done at least annually.
 - Done as frequently as necessary, based on observations of worker behavior.
 - Delivered in a manner that's appropriate and understandable to workers.
 - Recorded, including dates, topics covered, and names of trainees.



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D. HEALTH & HYGIENE - WORKERS

- Ill/contagious workers are **not** allowed to handle covered produce or food contact surfaces.
- Workers are required to follow hygienic practices including:
 - Handwashing
 - Maintaining personal cleanliness
 - Not eating, chewing gum, using tobacco in food handling areas.
 - Maintaining gloves (if used) in clean, intact, sanitary condition.
- Must remove or cover **hand jewelry** if it can't be cleaned.
- Must avoid contact with animals when working.
- Must take steps to **minimize risk of contamination** when working with work animals.
 - Must take steps to **prevent contamination** by ill/contagious people.

D. HEALTH & HYGIENE - VISITORS

- Visitors must be made aware of all food safety and hygiene practices.
- You must take reasonable measures to ensure that visitors follow these policies and rules.
- Toilets and handwashing facilities must be available to all visitors.



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E. AGRICULTURAL WATER

- AGRICULTURAL WATER =
 - All water used in covered activities on covered produce where water is intended or likely to contact:
 - · Covered produce.
 - Food contact surfaces (including food packaging).
- CAN INCLUDE:
 - Irrigation water.
 - Water used for dust abatement.
 - Water used for frost protection.
 - Water used for chemical or fertilizer applications.
 - Water used for washing, cooling, or misting.
 - Water used in to clean equipment and food contact surfaces.



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- WATER SYSTEMS must be inspected at least annually and maintained to prevent water sources and systems from causing contamination.**
- WATER QUALITY must be known—i.e. tested—before use.**
- WATER QUALITY CRITERIA**:
 - Are currently **UNDER REVIEW** and **ON HOLD**.
 - Two different quality criteria requirements depending on the use of the water.

Remember: water requirements are delayed for FSMA.



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E. AGRICULTURAL WATER

- ANNUAL AG WATER TESTS:
 - Municipal water: 1 annual report or test result certificate.
 - **Ground water**: minimum 1 sample per year **per source**.
 - Surface water: minimum 5 samples per year per source.
- INITIAL AG WATER SURVEY:
 - Ground water: minimum 4 samples over 1 yr or growing season per source.
 - Surface water: minimum 20 samples over minimum 2 yrs or maximum 4 yrs per source.

Remember: water requirements are delayed for FSMA.



AGRICULTURAL WATER QUALITY CRITERIA:

- WATER USED DURING GROWING ACTIVITIES in a direct application method on covered produce must meet a:
 - 1. Geometric Mean (GM) of ≤126 CFUs of generic E. coli/100 mL, AND:
 - 2. Statistical Threshold Value (STV) of ≤410 CFUs of generic E. coli/100 mL.



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E. AGRICULTURAL WATER

AGRICULTURAL WATER QUALITY CRITERIA:

- WATER USED FOR NON-GROWING ACTIVITIES including:
 - Irrigating sprouts.
 - Direct applications that contact covered produce <u>during</u> or after harvest activities.
 - Use that contacts food contact surfaces or in ice that will touch food contact surfaces.
 - Use for handwashing during and after harvest activities.
 - 1. Must have **NO** detectable **generic** *E. coli*, AND;
 - 2. May **NOT** be UNTREATED surface water.



Remember: water requirements are delayed for FSMA.

^{**}Remember: water requirements are delayed for FSMA.**

IF WATER USED DURING <u>GROWING</u> ACTIVITIES DOES <u>NOT</u> MEET QUALITY STANDARDS:

- You must suspend use of water source <u>and/or</u> distribution system as soon as practicable and no later than the following year, <u>UNLESS</u> you:
 - Apply a time interval between water application and harvest, or between harvest and end of storage that provides an adequate reduction of microbial levels to meet microbial quality criteria, <u>OR</u>;
 - Re-inspect the entire water systems, take measures to address any problems, and determine whether measures were effective to ensure water meets microbial quality criteria, <u>OR</u>;
 - Treat (and monitor) water to meet microbial criteria.



Remember: water requirements are delayed for FSMA.

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E. AGRICULTURAL WATER

IF WATER USED FOR <u>NON-GROWING</u> ACTIVITIES DOES <u>NOT</u> MEET QUALITY STANDARDS:

- You must immediately discontinue use of that water source and/or distribution system, and <u>BEFORE</u> you can use it again you must <u>EITHER</u>:
 - Re-inspect the entire water systems, take measures to address any problems, and determine whether measures were effective to ensure water meets microbial quality criteria, <u>OR</u>;
 - Treat (and monitor) water to meet microbial criteria.

Remember: water requirements are delayed for FSMA.



- Water temperature in dump tanks/flumes must be controlled to prevent pathogen infiltration into susceptible produce.
- <u>Reclaimed/recirculated water quality</u> must be monitored and maintained.
- Any <u>water treatments</u> must be **appropriate for uses** and **monitored properly**.
- Process water must properly and freely drain.
- <u>Condensate</u> and <u>overhead drip</u> must <u>NOT</u> contact produce.
- <u>Ice</u> should be treated as a sanitary product and process.



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F. BIOLOGICAL SOIL AMENDMENTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

- BIOLOGICAL SOIL AMENDMENTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN:
 - Can include:
 - Manures.
 - · Composts.
 - · Fish emulsions.
 - · Blood or bone meal.
 - · Pulverized feathers.
 - · Carcasses.
 - · Table waste, and more...
 - Must be handled, conveyed and stored so they don't become sources of contamination.



F. BIOLOGICAL SOIL AMENDMENTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

- TREATED BIOLOGICAL SOIL AMENDMENTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN (BSAAO):
 - Must be properly treated by documented, scientifically validated controlled methods to lower microbial hazards.
 - Must be handled, conveyed, and stored in a way that prevents re-contamination.
 - Must be considered untreated if mixed with UNTREATED BSAAOs.
- TREATED BSAAO may have <u>NO</u> detectable:
 - Listeria
 - Salmonella
 - E. coli 0157:H7



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F. BIOLOGICAL SOIL AMENDMENTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

- TREATED COMPOST must maintain aerobic conditions for:
 - 3 days @ 131°F plus curing for static piles.
 - 15 days @ 131°F, with a minimum of 5 turns for turned piles.
- To be considered <u>TREATED</u>, AGRICULTURAL TEAS must be made with water with **no detectable generic** *E. coli* and **no** additives.
- NO HUMAN WASTE is allowed on covered produce.
- SEWAGE SLUDGE BIOSOLIDS can be used if they meet requirements of 40 CFR part 503 subpart D.



F. BIOLOGICAL SOIL AMENDMENTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

- APPLICATION INTERVALS FOR <u>UNTREATED BSAAOs</u>:
 - Are currently UNDER STUDY and PENDING MORE DATA.
 - Currently <u>no interval</u> if application does <u>not</u> contact produce.
 - Can use NOP Standard of:
 - 90 days **before** harvest for crops that do <u>not</u> contact the soil.
 - 120 days **before** harvest for crops that <u>do</u> contact the soil.
- APPLICATION INTERVALS FOR TREATED BSAAOs:
 - **0 days** for any treated manures, applied in any manner.



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I. DOMESTICATED & WILD ANIMALS

- DOMESTICATED & WILD ANIMALS IN OUTDOOR OR PARTIALLY ENCLOSED BUILDINGS:
 - Areas used for covered activities (includes outdoor areas and partially-enclosed buildings) must be assessed for signs of animal intrusion and potential contamination.
 - In areas with significant evidence of potential contamination, crops must be evaluated to determine if they can be harvested in compliance with Subpart K.
 - In areas with significant evidence of potential contamination, measures must be taken during growing season to help identify contaminated produce later to prevent harvesting.



I. DOMESTICATED & WILD ANIMALS

- The Produce Safety Rule does **NOT**:
 - Authorize or require the 'taking' of threatened or endangered wildlife or the destruction of wildlife habitat.
 - Require covered farms to exclude animals from outdoor growing areas.

Working animals are allowed.

Domesticated animals are allowed.

Pets are allowed.

IF you are managing the potential for contamination.



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K. GROWING, HARVESTING, PACKING, & HOLDING ACTIVITIES

HANDLING DURING COVERED ACTIVITIES:

- Covered and non-covered produce must be stored separately <u>IF</u> both are not handled according to the PSR.
- <u>Food contact surfaces</u> must be cleaned and sanitized, as necessary, between **non-covered produce** and **covered <u>IF</u>** both are not handled according to the PSR.
- Harvested covered produce must be handled in a manner that protects against contamination.



K. GROWING, HARVESTING, PACKING, & HOLDING ACTIVITIES

HARVESTING:

- Must preform a visual assessment of production areas and all covered produce to be harvested for signs of contamination or potential risks <u>prior to harvest</u>.
- Product contaminated by animal feces must <u>NOT</u> be harvested.
- **Harvest containers** and **equipment** must be clean, maintained, and in good repair.
- Damaged harvest containers must <u>NOT</u> be used.



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K. GROWING, HARVESTING, PACKING, & HOLDING ACTIVITIES

- DROPPED PRODUCE =
 - Produce dropped before harvest.
 - Must **NOT** be **harvested** or **distributed**.
 - Does not include produce normally grown on or under the ground, or intentionally dropped as part of harvest.



K. GROWING, HARVESTING, PACKING, & HOLDING ACTIVITIES

- PACKAGING must:
 - Prevent the formation of *C. botulinum* toxin is that is a known or reasonably foreseeable hazard.
- PACKAGING MATERIALS must be:
 - Adequate for its intended use.
 - Cleanable or designed for single use.
 - Unlikely to support growth or transfer of bacteria.
 - Clean prior to re-use (can use liners).



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L. EQUIPMENT, TOOLS, BUILDINGS, & SANITATION

- BUILDINGS =
 - Fully OR partially enclosed buildings.
 - Includes equipment and packaging storage areas.
- Building, equipment, tools, and sanitation rules look to protect:
 - COVERED PRODUCE.
 - Food contact surfaces (including packaging).
 - Areas used for covered activities.
 - Water sources.
 - Water distribution system.



L. EQUIPMENT, TOOLS, BUILDINGS, & SANITATION

- BUILDINGS:
 - Must take measures to prevent contamination.
 - Must have suitable size, construction, & design to <u>facilitate</u> maintenance and cleaning.
 - Must have enough space for storage of materials.
 - Must be kept **orderly and clean**.
 - Must have adequate drainage to keep free from standing water.
- Overhead fixtures must <u>not</u> become a source of contamination.



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L. EQUIPMENT, TOOLS, BUILDINGS, & SANITATION

- TOILETS AND HANDWASHING FACILITIES must be:
 - Available, accessible, and numerous enough for workers.
 - Equipped with:
 - · Toilet paper.
 - Water for handwashing that has **no detectable generic** *E. coli*.
 - · Soap.
 - Single-use drying device.
 - Directly accessible for servicing.
 - Serviced, cleaned, and maintained regularly.
 - Handwashing facilities must be close to toilets.



L. EQUIPMENT, TOOLS, BUILDINGS, & SANITATION

PLUMBING must:

- Distribute water under pressure as needed, to all areas where used in covered activities, for sanitary operations, or for handwashing and toilet facilities.
- Properly convey sewage and liquid disposable waste.
- Avoid being a source of contamination to all food and food contact surfaces.
- NOT allow backflow from or cross connection between piping systems for waste and piping systems for clean water.



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L. EQUIPMENT, TOOLS, BUILDINGS, & SANITATION

- SEWAGE & WASTEWATER:
 - All sewage and wastewater must be disposed of properly.
 - Sewage and wastewater systems must be properly functioning.
 - Must be inspected for proper functioning after flood events.
 - Must be managed to prevent any spills or leakage from contaminating produce or food handling areas.
- TRASH & LITTER must be:
 - Removed from production areas.
 - Kept contained.
 - Managed to prevent contamination of food and food handling areas.



L. EQUIPMENT, TOOLS, BUILDINGS, & SANITATION

- EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS must be:
 - Inspected and maintained in good condition.
 - Cleaned and, when necessary and appropriate, sanitized before use.
 - Designed and constructed so they *can* be cleaned and maintained.
 - Installed and maintained to <u>facilitate</u> cleaning.
 - Stored and maintained so they don't contaminate covered produce.
 - Stored and maintained so they don't attract or harbor pests.
- SEAMS on <u>food contact surfaces</u> must be:
 - Smoothly bonded, OR;
 - Maintained to minimize accumulation of organic matter..



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L. EQUIPMENT, TOOLS, BUILDINGS, & SANITATION

- MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT used for harvesting, packing, and storage must be maintained and used in a manner that minimizes risk of contamination.
- TRANSPORT VEHICLES:
 - Must be clean before use.
 - Must be in good condition.
 - Must **NOT** become a potential source of contamination.
 - Must be adequate for use in transporting covered produce.
 - Must be considered "equipment" when transporting covered produce.
- Instruments that <u>take measurements</u> must be accurate.



L. EQUIPMENT, TOOLS, BUILDINGS, & SANITATION

- CLEANING & SANITATION:
 - Food contact surfaces must be cleaned and, when necessary and appropriate, sanitized as frequently as reasonably necessary to prevent contamination.
 - NON-food contact surfaces must be maintained and cleaned as frequently as reasonably necessary to prevent contamination.
 - <u>Toilet facilities</u> must be **cleaned and serviced** at a frequency sufficient to ensure suitability for use.
 - Harvest containers must be clean before use.
 - Transport vehicles must be clean before use for harvested produce.
 - Cleaning and sanitation must be **recorded**.

SANITIZING cannot happen without cleaning happening first.

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L. EQUIPMENT, TOOLS, BUILDINGS, & SANITATION

- PEST CONTROL IN BUILDINGS:
 - Must take reasonable, necessary measures, including <u>routine</u> <u>monitoring</u> to <u>protect</u> the following <u>from contamination by</u> <u>pests</u>:
 - · Covered produce.
 - · Food contact surfaces.
 - · Food-packing materials.
 - Must take measures to **exclude pests** from <u>fully enclosed</u> buildings.
 - Must take measures to prevent pests from becoming established in partially-enclosed buildings.



L. EQUIPMENT, TOOLS, BUILDINGS, & SANITATION

- DOMESTICATED ANIMALS:
- Must **exclude domesticated animals** from fully enclosed buildings where there is:
 - Covered produce.
 - Food contact surfaces.
 - Food packaging.
- Must separate domesticated animals from food activity areas by:
 - Location.
 - Time.
 - Partition.



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DOMESTICATED & WILD ANIMALS

- **Guide** or **guard dogs** <u>are</u> allowed <u>**IF**</u> they are unlikely to result in contamination.
- Must control **excreta and litter** from <u>domesticated</u> <u>animals</u> and maintain system of control.



M. SPROUTS N. ANALYTICAL METHODS

SPROUTS:

 Maine has chosen not to accept jurisdiction for the Sprouts Rule, which means farmers producing sprouts will be directly inspected by the FDA for compliance with this Subpart.

ANALYTICAL METHODS:

 Lays out specific analytical requirements for the testing methods required by Subpart E. Agricultural Water, and Subpart M. Sprouts.



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O. RECORDS

- RECORDS must be:
 - **Created** in **real time**, as the activities occur.
 - Accurate, legible, and indelible.
 - Dated and signed by the person who performed the documented activity.
 - Reviewed, dated, and signed by a <u>supervisor or responsible party</u>, for many records.
 - Kept for at least 2 years past the date they were recorded.
 - Readily accessible and available to inspectors during inspections, or provided to inspectors within 24 hrs of inspection.

See handout for complete list of required records.



O. RECORDS

- RECORDS must include:
 - Name and location of your farm.
 - Actual values and observations collected during monitoring.
 - Adequate description of covered produce that's applicable to the record.
 - Location of the growing area.
 - Dates and times activities were recorded.
- They can be <u>original records</u>, <u>true copies</u>, or <u>electronic</u> copies.
- <u>Existing records</u> that fulfill the PSR's requirements are acceptable.



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P. VARIANCES Q. COMPLIANCE & ENFORCEMENT

- VARIANCES:
 - This subpart lays out the processes and options by which government entities (State, Tribal, or foreign country) may request variances from the requirements listed in the Rule.
- COMPLIANCE & ENFORCEMENT:
 - Establishes that failure to comply with the requirements of this regulation is a **prohibited act** under the Federal Food, Drug, & Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act).
 - Establishes the provisions that the FDA coordinate education and enforcement activities by helping develop education, training, and enforcement approaches.



R. WITHDRAWAL OF QUALIFIED EXEMPTION

- QUALIFIED EXEMPTION can be withdrawn if:
 - There is an <u>active investigation of a foodborne illness outbreak</u> that is **directly linked to your farm**.
 - Conduct or conditions on your farm make it necessary in order to prevent or mitigate foodborne illness outbreaks via the food produce, handled, or held on your farm.
- If your qualified exemption is withdrawn, you:
 - MUST satisfy the full requirements of the Produce Safety Rule.
 - Will have **120 days** to resolve your compliance issues.
 - May have to take certain actions sooner than 120 days to resume normal operations.
 - Can appeal the withdrawal and/or apply to get it reinstated.



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R. WITHDRAWAL OF QUALIFIED EXEMPTION

- Before the FDA issues an order to withdraw your qualified exempt status, they:
 - Will consider preliminary options such as:
 - · warning letters.
 - · Recalls.
 - · Seizures.
 - · Administrative detention (of product).
 - · Injunctions.
 - MUST notify your person in charge of the circumstances that are prompting that potential withdrawal, <u>and</u>
 - MUST provide you with an opportunity to respond in writing within 15 days, and,
 - MUST consider the actions you've taken to address the original circumstances.



- EXEMPTIONS and NON-COVERAGE available in the language of the PSR are based on risk assessments.
- There are 3 specific types of EXEMPTIONS or NON-COVERAGE:
 - 1. FARMS NON-COVERED BASED ON PRODUCE SALES.
 - 2. QUALIFIED EXEMPT FARMS.
 - 3. COMMERICAL PROCESSING EXEMPT PRODUCE.
- Each has different eligibility criteria and compliance requirements.



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EXEMPTIONS, NON-COVERAGE, & COMPLIANCE DATES

1. FARMS NON-COVERED BASED ON PRODUCE SALES =

Sell <\$25,000* in produce sales.

(*3-year average, adjusted for inflation, using 2011 as the baseline for adjustment.*)

- REQUIREMENTS for FARMS NON-COVERED BASED ON PRODUCE SALES:
 - Do <u>NOT</u> have to meet <u>any</u> of the requirements of the PSR.
 - ARE required to produce safe food and prevent adulteration under the Federal Food, Drug, & Cosmetics Act (FD&C Act).



2. **QUALIFIED EXEMPT** farms =

Sell >\$25,000* in produce sales. Sell <\$500,000* in total food sales.

Sell >50% of total food sales to Qualified End Users.

(*3-year average, adjusted for inflation, using 2011 as the baseline for adjustment.*)

- QUALIFIED END USERS =
 - Individual consumer of the food.
 - Restaurants or retail stores:
 - Within the same state or Tribal reservation as the farm.
 - Within 275 miles of the farm.



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EXEMPTIONS, NON-COVERAGE, & COMPLIANCE DATES

- REQUIREMENTS for QUALIFIED EXEMPT farms:
 - 1. LABELING:
 - MUST include your farm name and complete business address on any food packaging label normally required by the FD&C Act.
 - MUST prominently and conspicuously display your farm name and complete business address at the point of purchase for foods NOT requiring food packaging labels by the FD&C Act.
 - 2. RECORDS:
 - <u>MUST</u> keep sales records demonstrating your eligibility for the Qualified Exemption.
 - MUST do a written <u>annual review</u> and verification of your Qualified Exempt Status.

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3. COMMERCIAL PROCESSING EXEMPT PRODUCE=

Produce that will receive commercial processing that adequately reduces the presence of pathogens.

(It is the **produce NOT the farm** that is exempt here.)

- EXAMPLES OF COMMERCIAL PROCESSING =
 - Treating with a scientifically validated process to eliminate sporeforming microorganisms.
 - Processing products such as sugar, oil, wine, beer, or similar products.
 - Refining, distilling, etc.

FREEZING is NOT considered a pathogen kill-step by the FDA.



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EXEMPTIONS, NON-COVERAGE, & COMPLIANCE DATES

- REQUIREMENTS for COMMERCIAL PROCESSING EXEMPT PRODUCE:
 - 1. DISCLOSURE:
 - MUST disclose in your paperwork accompanying the product that it is:

"not processed to adequately reduce the presence of microorganisms of public health significance"



- REQUIREMENTS for COMMERCIAL PROCESSING EXEMPT PRODUCE:
 - 2. YOUR COMMERCIAL PROCESSOR CUSTOMER **MUST** give you annual written assurances that:
 - They, or their subsequent customer, will adequately process your produce to reduce pathogens.
 - If your customer has <u>NOT</u> performed the commercial processing, they
 will **disclose** in **their paperwork** accompanying the product to
 subsequent customers that it is:

"not processed to adequately reduce the presence of microorganisms of public health significance"

They will <u>only</u> sell to entities that agree **IN WRITING** to commercial processing of product.



NOTE: This requirement for written assurances from commercial processing customers has been <u>delayed</u> by 2 years.

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, CONSERVATION & FORESTRY www.maine.gov/dacf/qar/

EXEMPTIONS, NON-COVERAGE, & COMPLIANCE DATES

• COMPLIANCE DATES:

COVERED FARM SIZE:	VERY SMALL Produce Sales = \$25,000- \$250,000	SMALL FARMS Produce Sales = \$250,001 - \$500,000	LARGE FARMS Produce Sales = \$500,001 and above
PRODUCE SAFETY RULE	January 27, 2020	January 28, 2019	January 26, 2018
COMPLIANCE INSPECTIONS:	Spring 2021	Spring 2020	Spring 2019
WATER TESTING REQUIREMENTS:	January 26, 2024	January 26, 2023	January 26, 2022



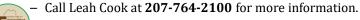
WAYS WE CAN HELP

PSA GROWER TRAININGS:

- Presented by UMaine's Cooperative Extension.
- Full day training in Food Safety and the Produce Safety Rule.
- Required for all fully covered farms.
- Open to everyone.
- Currently costs only \$25 (includes good food and detailed training).
- Could increase in cost going forward.

UPCOMING TRAINING DATES:

- One session at the Ag Trade Show on January 16, 2020.
- Locations will continue to reach across Maine's geography.



Agriculture Conservation & Ferestry

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WAYS WE CAN HELP

- ON-FARM READINESS REVIEWS:
 - FREE <u>non-regulatory</u> visits by Department of Agriculture inspectors, and either Linda Titus or Cooperative Extension partners.
 - Helpful advice to assess your readiness for PSR compliance.
 - Specific, technical answers to any questions your may have.
 - Brainstorming solutions with you on-farm with trained staff.
- CONTACT LEAH TO REQUEST AN OFRR:
 - PHONE: 207-764-2100
 - EMAIL: leah.cook@maine.gov



WAYS WE CAN HELP

- ONE-ON-ONE PSR CONSULTING:
 - FREE technical advising is available through the Department of Ag's FSMA outreach team and through the University of Maine Cooperative Extension.
 - Can give you <u>customized</u> advice and coaching to help you navigate the PSR and prepare for inspection.
 - Can help advise you on setting up logs and records to meet requirements.
- CONTACT LAUREN TO GET STARTED:
 - PHONE: 207-215-4793
 - EMAIL: lauren.mapes@maine.gov



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WAYS WE CAN HELP

- PRODUCE SAFETY ALLIANCE:
 - Collaboration between Cornell University, FDA, & USDA to help growers prepare for FSMA compliance.
 - Has produce safety guidance and fact sheets.
 - Has records and food safety plan templates.
 - Offer trainings, including the PSA Grower Trainings.
- TO LOOK UP THEIR RESOURCES:
 - WEBSITE: https://producesafetyalliance.cornell.edu/



WAYS WE CAN HELP

- FDA TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE NETWORK (TAN):
 - Subject matter experts available to answer technical questions.
 - Can give guidance on specific questions not fully explained in the Rule.
 - Comes straight from the FDA, so answers are fact checked and verified for compliance with the Rule before they answer you.
- TO LOOK UP THEIR RESOURCES:
 - WEBSITE:

https://www.fda.gov/Food/GuidanceRegulation/FSMA/ucm459719. htm



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WAYS WE CAN HELP

- MAINE'S BUREAU OF AGRICULTURE:
 - Responsible for implementation of the Produce Safety Rule in Maine.
 - Trained in the Rule and on-farm requirements.
 - Funded and tasked with *helping* farmers get ready for this.
 - Funded and tasked with trying to reach every farm in the state of Maine.
 - Knowledgeable and motivated to empower Maine's farmers be confident, not just compliant.
- GIVE US A CALL OR EMAIL ANY TIME:
 - PHONE: **207-764-2100**

EMAIL: leah.cook@maine.gov & lauren.mapes@maine.gov

